

# Notice of variation and consolidation with introductory note

**The Environmental Permitting (England & Wales) Regulations 2016**

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Local Generation Limited  
Westry Anaerobic Digestion Facility  
Wisbech Road  
Westry  
March  
Cambridgeshire  
PE15 0BA

**Variation application number**

EPR/YP3430KS/V013

**Permit number**

EPR/YP3430KS

# Westry Anaerobic Digestion Facility

## Permit number EPR/YP3430KS

### Introductory note

#### **This introductory note does not form a part of the notice**

Under the Environmental Permitting (England & Wales) Regulations 2016 (schedule 5, part 1, paragraph 19) a variation may comprise a consolidated permit reflecting the variations and a notice specifying the variations included in that consolidated permit.

Schedule 1 of the notice specifies the conditions that have been varied and schedule 2 comprises a consolidated permit which reflects the variations being made. All the conditions of the permit have been varied and are subject to the right of appeal.

The consolidated variation authorises the following changes:

#### **Changes introduced by this variation made by the operator – EPR/YP3430KS/V012**

This variation authorises the transfer of pre-treated waste material from the installation to off-site permitted biowaste treatment facilities for biological treatment (waste operation), addition of third digester and extension of the reception hall.

#### **Changes introduced by this variation notice/statutory review – EPR/YP3430KS/V013**

The Industrial Emissions Directive (IED) came into force on 7 January 2014 with the requirement to implement all relevant Best Available Techniques (BAT) Conclusions as described in the Commission Implementing Decision. Article 21(3) of the IED requires the Environment Agency to review conditions in permits that it has issued and to ensure that the permit delivers compliance with relevant standards, within four years of the publication of updated decisions on Best Available Techniques (BAT) Conclusions. The BAT Conclusions for Waste Treatment (the BREF) was published on 17 August 2018 following a European Union wide review of BAT, implementing decision (EU) 2018/1147 of 10 August 2018.

The scope of the permit review also covers the assessment of:

- the bioaerosols monitoring and compliance with M9 bioaerosols monitoring requirements;
- the design and construction of secondary containment and storage lagoons;
- the available storage facilities and measures to reduce ammonia emissions from storage; and
- information on existing medium combustion plant and/or specified generators on site.

This variation has been issued to update some of the conditions following a statutory review of the permits in the industry sector for biowaste treatment. The opportunity has also been taken to consolidate the original permit and subsequent variations.

#### **Brief description of the process**

The main features of the permit are as follows:

The Installation is regulated as a Section 5.4 A(1)(b)(i) activity under the Environmental Permitting Regulations 2016:

“Recovery or a mix of recovery and disposal of non-hazardous waste with a capacity exceeding 75 tonnes per day (or 100 tonnes per day in the only waste treatment activity is anaerobic digestion) involving biological treatment.”

The installation is an existing anaerobic digestion facility and associated combustion of resultant biogas via four combined heat and power (CHP) engines. The site has an annual throughput of up to 120,000 tonnes a year of non-hazardous organic waste derived from the food chain sector and other sources. The biogas obtained from the anaerobic digestion of permitted wastes is used to generate electricity and heat from four

Combined Heat and Power (CHP) engines and there is an additional gas to grid plant supplying bio-methane to the national grid. The by-product from the process will be utilized as a bio-fertilizer.

The installation comprises of the following main elements:

- A waste reception building, where permitted waste undergoes pre-treatment (de-packaging, shredding, and maceration) and held in a buffer storage tank until required for digestion.
- Three pasteurization tanks used to treat the processed waste at 70°C for 1 hour to remove any pathogens in accordance with the Animal By-products Regulations.
- Three digesting tanks: pasteurized waste is transferred into the digesting tanks where it undergoes digestion under mesophilic conditions in an oxygen-free environment. This produces biogas which is composed mainly of methane and stored in a gas holder.
- Four Combined Heat and Power (CHP) engines with a net thermal input of 7.1 MW. The CHP engines convert the biogas into electricity and heat. The heat produced is used back in the process to maintain the temperature of the digesting and/or pasteurization tanks.

Releases to the environment are to air and water. There are no point source emissions to sewer or groundwater from the installation.

The installation is located at Wisbech Road, March, Cambridgeshire at National Grid Reference TL 39570 98520. The site is bounded by agricultural fields to the north, south and west and a potato packing factory to the east.

One European Habitat site (Nene Washes) has been identified within 10 km of the installation. There are three Local Wildlife Sites (Whitemoor Marshalling Yard, Norwood Nature Reserve and Whitemoor Pit and Nature Reserve) within 2 km of the installation. No Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSIs) have been identified. Assessment by the operator and the Environment Agency has indicated that emissions from the installation are unlikely to have a significant impact on the receiving environment.

The schedules specify the changes made to the permit.

The status log of a permit sets out the permitting history, including any changes to the permit reference number.

<b>Status log of the permit</b>		
<b>Description</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Comments</b>
Application EPR/YP3430KS/A001	Duly made 09/06/2009	Application for an anaerobic digestion facility.
Additional information received	24/07/2009	
Additional information received	19/10/2009	
Additional information received	25/11/2009	
Additional information received	25/01/2010	
Permit EPR/YP3430KS/A001 determined	17/02/2010	Original permit issued to Local Generation Limited.
Variation Application EPR/YP3430KS/V002	Duly made 04/08/2011	Minor technical variation for changes to the CHP plant and an earth bund around process tanks.
Variation determined EPR/YP3430KS/V002	28/10/2011	Varied permit issued.
Application EPR/YP3430KS/V003	Duly made 22/08/2011	Normal variation to increase the number of AD tanks, CHP engines and changes to the extent of the site and layout and permitted waste volume.
Additional information requested	28/09/2011	Received 29/09/11 – for Noise assessment
Additional information requested	06/10/2011	Received 27/10/11 – for Noise assessment
Additional information requested	07/12/2011	Received 05/01/12 – for Noise assessment

<b>Status log of the permit</b>		
<b>Description</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Comments</b>
Additional information requested	16/01/2012	Received 03/02/12 – for Noise assessment
Variation determined EPR/YP3430KS/V003	14/05/2012	Varied permit issued.
Agency variation determined EPR/YP3430KS/V004	30/05/2013	Agency variation to implement the changes introduced by IED.
Variation application EPR/YP3430KS/V005	Duly made 18/09/2013	Variation to incorporate a number of changes to site operating techniques
Additional information requested – Schedule 5 Notice dated 03/12/13	Response received 06/01/2014	
Additional information requested – Schedule 5 Notice dated 17/01/14	Response received 23/01/2014	
Variation determined EPR/YP3430KS/V005	23/01/2014	Varied permit issued.
Application for variation EPR/YP3430KS/V006 to change company registered office address	Duly made 26/01/2015	Registered office address changed to Office Suite U19, South Fens Business Centre, Fenton Way, Chatteris, Cambridgeshire, PE16 6TT
Variation issued EPR/YP3430KS/V006	28/01/2015	Varied permit issued to Local Generation Limited.
Application for variation EPR/YP3430KS/V007 to change company registered office address	Duly made 01/12/2015	Registered office address changed to 178 Gosmoor Lane, Elm, Wisbech, Cambridgeshire, PE14 0EG.
Variation issued EPR/YP3430KS	07/12/2015	Varied permit issued to Local Generation Limited.
Application for variation EPR/YP3430KS/V008 to change company registered office address	Duly made 12/01/2016	Registered office address changed to 362 Wisbech Road, Westry, March, Cambridgeshire, PE15 0BA.
Variation issued EPR/YP3430KS/V008	25/01/2016	Varied permit issued to Local Generation Limited.
Application for variation EPR/YP3430KS/V009	Duly Made 02/03/2016	
Variation determined EPR/YP3430KS/V009	17/03/2016	
Application EPR/YP3430KS/V010 (variation and consolidation)	Duly made 19/01/2017	Normal variation to increase the waste quantity, change the listed activity reference, the addition of a gas to grid plant and the addition of an organic rankine cycle.
Additional information requested – Schedule 5 Notice dated 24/02/17	Response received 01/03/2017	Gas to grid BAT options appraisal and information on additional self-bunded tanks.
Additional information requested – Schedule 5 Notice dated 13/03/17	Response received 31/03/2017	Additional information on emission points and flues.
Additional information requested – Schedule 5 Notice dated 03/04/17	Response received 26/04/2017	Additional process information and updated OMP.

<b>Status log of the permit</b>		
<b>Description</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Comments</b>
Variation determined EPR/YP3430KS/V010	05/06/2017	Varied and consolidated permit issued in modern condition format.
Application EPR/YP3430KS/V011 (variation and consolidation)	Duly made 18/11/2019	Application to vary to add additional waste codes.
Regulation 61 Notice sent to Operator	20/01/2020	Regulation 61 Notice requiring information for statutory review of permit.
Regulation 61 Notice response	13/03/2020	Response received from the operator.
Variation determined EPR/YP3430KS	19/03/2020	Varied permit issued.
Application EPR/YP3430KS/V012 (variation and consolidation)	Duly made 19/05/2021	Application to undertake a waste transfer activity, install third digester and extend reception building.
Additional information received	27/07/2021	Response to Schedule 5 Notice dated 07/07/2021.
Application EPR/YP3430KS/V013 (variation and consolidation)	Environment Agency Initiated Variation	Statutory review of permit occasioned by Waste Treatment BAT Conclusions published on 17 August 2018.
Environment Agency Biowaste Treatment Sector Review Permit reviewed Variation determined EPR/YP3430KS (Billing Ref: EP3702LN)	30/09/2021	Varied and consolidated permit issued. Application EPR/YP3430KS/V012 and EPR/YP3430KS/V013 determined at the same time.

End of introductory note

# Notice of variation and consolidation

## The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016

The Environment Agency in exercise of its powers under regulation 20 of the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016 varies and consolidates

### Permit number

**EPR/YP3430KS**

### Issued to

**Local Generation Limited** (“the operator”)

whose registered office is

#### Control Tower

**Hemswell Cliff Industrial Estate**

**Hemswell Cliff**

**Gainsborough**

**DN21 5TU**

company registration number 06606245

to operate a regulated facility at

#### Westry Anaerobic Digestion Facility

**Wisbech Road**

**Westry**

**March**

**Cambridgeshire**

**PE15 0BA**

to the extent set out in the schedules.

The notice shall take effect from 30/09/2021.

Name	Date
Rebecca Warren	30/09/2021

Authorised on behalf of the Environment Agency

## **Schedule 1**

All conditions have been varied by the consolidated permit as a result of an Environment Agency initiated variation.

## **Schedule 2 – consolidated permit**

Consolidated permit issued as a separate document.

# Permit

## The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016

### Permit number

**EPR/YP3430KS**

This is the consolidated permit referred to in the variation and consolidation notice for application EPR/YP3430KS/V013 authorising,

**Local Generation Limited** (“the operator”),

whose registered office is

**Control Tower**

**Hemswell Cliff Industrial Estate**

**Hemswell Cliff**

**Gainsborough**

**DN21 5TU**

company registration number 06606245

to operate an installation at

**Westry Anaerobic Digestion Facility**

**Wisbech Road**

**Westry**

**March**

**Cambridgeshire**

**PE15 0BA**

to the extent authorised by and subject to the conditions of this permit.

Name	Date
Rebecca Warren	30/09/2021

Authorised on behalf of the Environment Agency



# Conditions

## 1 Management

### 1.1 General management

- 1.1.1 The operator shall manage and operate the activities:
- (a) in accordance with a written management system that identifies and minimises risks of pollution, including those arising from operations, maintenance, accidents, incidents, non-conformances, closure and those drawn to the attention of the operator as a result of complaints; and
  - (b) using sufficient competent persons and resources.
- 1.1.2 Records demonstrating compliance with condition 1.1.1 shall be maintained.
- 1.1.3 Any person having duties that are or may be affected by the matters set out in this permit shall have convenient access to a copy of it kept at or near the place where those duties are carried out.
- 1.1.4 The operator shall comply with the requirements of an approved competence scheme.

### 1.2 Energy efficiency

- 1.2.1 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (AR1 to AR11), the operator shall:
- (a) take appropriate measures to ensure that energy is used efficiently in the activities;
  - (b) review and record at least every four years whether there are suitable opportunities to improve the energy efficiency of the activities; and
  - (c) take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

### 1.3 Efficient use of raw materials

- 1.3.1 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (AR1 to AR11), the operator shall:
- (a) take appropriate measures to ensure that raw materials and water are used efficiently in the activities;
  - (b) maintain records of raw materials and water used in the activities;
  - (c) review and record at least every four years whether there are suitable alternative materials that could reduce environmental impact or opportunities to improve the efficiency of raw material and water use; and
  - (d) take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

### 1.4 Avoidance, recovery and disposal of wastes produced by the activities

- 1.4.1 The operator shall take appropriate measures to ensure that:
- (a) the waste hierarchy referred to in Article 4 of the Waste Framework Directive is applied to the generation of waste by the activities; and
  - (b) any waste generated by the activities is treated in accordance with the waste hierarchy referred to in Article 4 of the Waste Framework Directive; and
  - (c) where disposal is necessary, this is undertaken in a manner which minimises its impact on the environment.

- 1.4.2 The operator shall review and record at least every four years whether changes to those measures should be made and take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

## **2 Operations**

### **2.1 Permitted activities**

- 2.1.1 The operator is only authorised to carry out the activities specified in schedule 1 table S1.1 (the “activities”).
- 2.1.2 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (AR1 to AR11), the activities shall be undertaken in accordance with best available techniques.
- 2.1.3 All process plant and equipment shall be commissioned, operated and maintained and shall be fully documented and recorded in accordance with the manufacturer’s recommendations.
- 2.1.4 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (AR1 to AR11), waste authorised by this permit shall be clearly distinguished from any other waste on the site.

### **2.2 The site**

- 2.2.1 The activities shall not extend beyond the site, being the land shown edged in green on the site plan at schedule 7 to this permit.

### **2.3 Operating techniques**

- 2.3.1 The activities shall, subject to the conditions of this permit, be operated using the techniques and in the manner described in the documentation specified in schedule 1, table S1.2, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.3.2 If notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution, the operator shall submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a revision of any plan or other documentation (“plan”) specified in schedule 1, table S1.2 or otherwise required under this permit which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution relevant to that plan, and shall implement the approved revised plan in place of the original from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.3.3 Any raw materials or fuels listed in schedule 2 table S2.1 shall conform to the specifications set out in that table.
- 2.3.4 Waste shall only be accepted if:
- (a) it is of a type and quantity listed in schedule 2 tables S2.2 and S2.3; and
  - (b) it conforms to the description in the documentation supplied by the producer and holder.
  - (c) the facility has sufficient free capacity to store and treat the waste.
- 2.3.5 The operator shall ensure that where waste produced by the activities is sent to a relevant waste operation, that operation is provided with the following information, prior to the receipt of the waste:
- (a) the nature of the process producing the waste;
  - (b) the composition of the waste;
  - (c) the handling requirements of the waste;
  - (d) the hazardous property associated with the waste, if applicable; and
  - (e) the waste code of the waste.

- 2.3.6 The operator shall ensure that where waste produced by the activities is sent to a landfill site, it meets the waste acceptance criteria for that landfill.
- 2.3.7 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (AR1 to AR11), waste pre-acceptance and acceptance procedures shall be undertaken in accordance with best available techniques.
- 2.3.8 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (AR4):
- (a) each MCP must be operated in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and records must be made and retained to demonstrate this.
  - (b) the operator must keep periods of start-up and shut-down of each MCP as short as possible.
  - (c) there must be no persistent emission of 'dark smoke' as defined in section 3(1) of the Clean Air Act 1993.

## **2.4 Improvement programme**

- 2.4.1 The operator shall complete the improvements specified in schedule 1 table S1.3 by the date specified in that table unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.4.2 Except in the case of an improvement which consists only of a submission to the Environment Agency, the operator shall notify the Environment Agency within 14 days of completion of each improvement.

# **3 Emissions and monitoring**

## **3.1 Emissions to water, air or land**

- 3.1.1 There shall be no point source emissions to water, air or land except from the sources and emission points listed in schedule 3 table S3.1.
- 3.1.2 The limits given in schedule 3 shall not be exceeded.
- 3.1.3 Periodic monitoring shall be carried out at least once every 5 years for groundwater and 10 years for soil, unless such monitoring is based on a systematic appraisal of the risk of contamination.

## **3.2 Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits**

- 3.2.1 Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits (excluding odour) shall not cause pollution. The operator shall not be taken to have breached this condition if appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved emissions management plan, have been taken to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, those emissions.
- 3.2.2 The operator shall:
- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, an emissions management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits;
  - (b) implement the approved emissions management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 3.2.3 All liquids in containers, whose emission to water or land could cause pollution, shall be provided with secondary containment, unless the operator has used other appropriate measures to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, leakage and spillage from the primary container.
- 3.2.4 The operator shall implement a leak detection and repair (LDAR) programme to detect and mitigate the release of volatile organic compounds, including methane from diffuse sources.

### **3.3 Odour**

3.3.1 Emissions from the activities shall be free from odour at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, as perceived by an authorised officer of the Environment Agency, unless the operator has used appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved odour management plan, to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the odour.

3.3.2 The operator shall:

- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution outside the site due to odour, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, an odour management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from odour;
- (b) implement the approved odour management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

### **3.4 Noise and vibration**

3.4.1 Emissions from the activities shall be free from noise and vibration at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, as perceived by an authorised officer of the Environment Agency, unless the operator has used appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved noise and vibration management plan to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the noise and vibration.

3.4.2 The operator shall:

- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution outside the site due to noise and vibration, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a noise and vibration management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from noise and vibration;
- (b) implement the approved noise and vibration management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

### **3.5 Monitoring**

3.5.1 The operator shall, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, undertake the monitoring specified in the following tables in schedule 3 to this permit:

- (a) point source emissions specified in table S3.1;
- (b) process monitoring specified in table S3.2.

3.5.2 The operator shall maintain records of all monitoring required by this permit including records of the taking and analysis of samples, instrument measurements (periodic and continual), calibrations, examinations, tests and surveys and any assessment or evaluation made on the basis of such data.

3.5.3 Monitoring equipment, techniques, personnel and organisations employed for the emissions monitoring programme and the environmental or other monitoring specified in condition 3.5.1 shall have either MCERTS certification or MCERTS accreditation (as appropriate), where available, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.5.4 Permanent means of access shall be provided to enable sampling/monitoring to be carried out in relation to the emission points specified in schedule 3 table S3.1 unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.5.5 In the case of new medium combustion plant, the first monitoring measurements shall be carried out within four months of the issue date of the permit or the date when the MCP is first put into operation, whichever is later.

3.5.6 Monitoring shall not take place during periods of start-up or shut-down.

## **3.6 Pests**

- 3.6.1 The activities shall not give rise to the presence of pests which are likely to cause pollution, hazard or annoyance outside the boundary of the site. The operator shall not be taken to have breached this condition if appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved pests management plan, have been taken to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise the presence of pests on the site.
- 3.6.2 The operator shall:
- (a) only use approved products for pest control;
  - (b) treat pest infestations promptly;
  - (c) reject pest-infected incoming waste;
  - (d) if notified by the Environment Agency, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a pests management plan which identifies and minimises risks of pollution from pests;
  - (e) implement the pests management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

## **3.7 Fire prevention**

- 3.7.1 The operator shall take all appropriate measures to prevent fires on site and minimise the risk of pollution from them including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved fire prevention plan.
- 3.7.2 The operator shall:
- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to a risk of fire, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a fire prevention plan which prevents fires and minimises the risk of pollution from fires;
  - (b) implement the fire prevention plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

# **4 Information**

## **4.1 Records**

- 4.1.1 All records required to be made by this permit shall:
- (a) be legible;
  - (b) be made as soon as reasonably practicable;
  - (c) if amended, be amended in such a way that the original and any subsequent amendments remain legible, or are capable of retrieval; and
  - (d) be retained, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, for at least 6 years from the date when the records were made, or in the case of the following records until permit surrender:
    - (i) off-site environmental effects; and
    - (ii) matters which affect the condition of the land and groundwater.
- 4.1.2 The operator shall keep on site all records, plans and the management system required to be maintained by this permit, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

## 4.2 Reporting

- 4.2.1 The operator shall send all reports and notifications required by the permit to the Environment Agency using the contact details supplied in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 4.2.2 For the following activities referenced in schedule 1, table S1.1 (AR1 to AR11), a report or reports on the performance of the activities over the previous year shall be submitted to the Environment Agency by 31 January (or other date agreed in writing by the Environment Agency) each year. The report(s) shall include as a minimum:
- (a) a review of the results of the monitoring and assessment carried out in accordance with the permit including an interpretive review of that data;
  - (b) the annual production/treatment data set out in schedule 4 table S4.2; and
  - (c) the performance parameters set out in schedule 4 table S4.3 using the forms specified in table S4.4 of that schedule.
- 4.2.3 Within 28 days of the end of the reporting period the operator shall, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, submit reports of the monitoring and assessment carried out in accordance with the conditions of this permit, as follows:
- (a) in respect of the parameters and emission points specified in schedule 4 table S4.1;
  - (b) for the reporting periods specified in schedule 4 table S4.1 and using the forms specified in schedule 4 table S4.4; and
  - (c) giving the information from such results and assessments as may be required by the forms specified in those tables.
- 4.2.4 The operator shall, unless notice under this condition has been served within the preceding four years, submit to the Environment Agency, within six months of receipt of a written notice, a report assessing whether there are other appropriate measures that could be taken to prevent, or where that is not practicable, to minimise pollution.
- 4.2.5 Within 1 month of the end of each quarter, the operator shall submit to the Environment Agency using the form made available for the purpose, the information specified on the form relating to the site and the waste accepted and removed from it during the previous quarter.
- 4.2.6 The operator shall keep records of non-waste materials leaving the site, including the type of material, the batch number, the date of export off-site and the tonnage exported on that date. These records shall be maintained for at least 2 years.

## 4.3 Notifications

- 4.3.1 In the event:
- (a) that the operation of the activities gives rise to an incident or accident which significantly affects or may significantly affect the environment, the operator must immediately—
    - (i) inform the Environment Agency,
    - (ii) take the measures necessary to limit the environmental consequences of such an incident or accident, and
    - (iii) take the measures necessary to prevent further possible incidents or accidents;
  - (b) of a breach of any permit condition the operator must immediately—
    - (i) inform the Environment Agency, and
    - (ii) take the measures necessary to ensure that compliance is restored within the shortest possible time;

- (c) of a breach of permit condition which poses an immediate danger to human health or threatens to cause an immediate significant adverse effect on the environment, the operator must immediately suspend the operation of the activities or the relevant part of it until compliance with the permit conditions has been restored.

- 4.3.2 Any information provided under condition 4.3.1 (a)(i), or 4.3.1 (b)(i) where the information relates to the breach of a limit specified in the permit, shall be confirmed by sending the information listed in schedule 5 to this permit within the time period specified in that schedule.
- 4.3.3 Following the detection of an issue listed in condition 4.3.1, the operator shall review and revise the management system and implement any changes as necessary to minimise the risk of reoccurrence of the issue.
- 4.3.4 Where the Environment Agency has requested in writing that it shall be notified when the operator is to undertake monitoring and/or spot sampling, the operator shall inform the Environment Agency when the relevant monitoring and/or spot sampling is to take place. The operator shall provide this information to the Environment Agency at least 14 days before the date the monitoring is to be undertaken.
- 4.3.5 The Environment Agency shall be notified within 14 days of the occurrence of the following matters, except where such disclosure is prohibited by Stock Exchange rules:
  - Where the operator is a registered company:
    - (a) any change in the operator's trading name, registered name or registered office address; and
    - (b) any steps taken with a view to the operator going into administration, entering into a company voluntary arrangement or being wound up.
  - Where the operator is a corporate body other than a registered company:
    - (a) any change in the operator's name or address; and
    - (b) any steps taken with a view to the dissolution of the operator.
  - In any other case:
    - (a) the death of any of the named operators (where the operator consists of more than one named individual);
    - (b) any change in the operator's name(s) or address(es); and
    - (c) any steps taken with a view to the operator, or any one of them, going into bankruptcy, entering into a composition or arrangement with creditors, or, in the case of them being in a partnership, dissolving the partnership.
- 4.3.6 Where the operator proposes to make a change in the nature or functioning, or an extension of the activities, which may have consequences for the environment and the change is not otherwise the subject of an application for approval under the Regulations or this permit:
  - (a) the Environment Agency shall be notified at least 14 days before making the change; and
  - (b) the notification shall contain a description of the proposed change in operation.
- 4.3.7 The Environment Agency shall be given at least 14 days' notice before implementation of any part of the site closure plan.
- 4.3.8 The operator shall notify the Environment Agency as soon as is practicable, in writing of any change of the medium combustion plant.

## **4.4 Interpretation**

- 4.4.1 In this permit the expressions listed in schedule 6 shall have the meaning given in that schedule.

4.4.2 In this permit references to reports and notifications mean written reports and notifications, except where reference is made to notification being made “immediately”, in which case it may be provided by telephone.



# Schedule 1 – Operations

<b>Table S1.1 activities</b>			
<b>Activity reference</b>	<b>Activity listed in Schedule 1 of the EP Regulations</b>	<b>Description of specified activity and WFD Annex I and II operations</b>	<b>Limits of specified activity and waste types</b>
AR1	S5.4 A(1) (b) (i) Recovery or a mix of recovery and disposal of non-hazardous waste with a capacity exceeding 75 tonnes per day (or 100 tonnes per day if the only waste treatment activity is anaerobic digestion) involving biological treatment.	R3: Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents	<p>From receipt of waste through to digestion and recovery of by-products (digestate).</p> <p>Anaerobic digestion of waste in three tanks followed by burning of biogas produced from the process.</p> <p>Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table S2.2.</p>
<b>Directly Associated Activity</b>			
AR2	Storage of waste pending recovery or disposal	R13: Storage of waste pending the operations numbered R1 and R3 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where it is produced)	<p>From the receipt of permitted waste to pre-treatment and despatch for anaerobic digestion on site.</p> <p>Storage of residual wastes from pre-treatment to despatch off-site for recovery.</p> <p>Storage of waste in an enclosed building fitted with appropriate odour abatement and on an impermeable surface with a sealed drainage.</p> <p>Temporary storage of sealed canned food waste outside the waste reception hall in a dedicated area.</p> <p>Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table S2.2.</p>
AR3	Physical treatment for the purpose of recycling	R3: Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents	<p>From the receipt of waste to despatch for anaerobic digestion or despatch off site for recovery.</p> <p>Pre-treatment of waste in enclosed building and on</p>

<b>Table S1.1 activities</b>			
<b>Activity reference</b>	<b>Activity listed in Schedule 1 of the EP Regulations</b>	<b>Description of specified activity and WFD Annex I and II operations</b>	<b>Limits of specified activity and waste types</b>
			<p>impermeable surface with sealed drainage system including shredding, sorting, screening, compaction, baling, mixing and maceration.</p> <p>Post-treatment of digestate in an enclosed building and on an impermeable surface with sealed drainage system, including screening to remove contraries, centrifuge or pressing and addition of thickening agents (polymers) or drying for use as a fertiliser or soil conditioner (drying for the purpose of use as a fuel is not permitted).</p> <p>Heat treatment (pasteurisation) of waste in three tanks for the purpose of recovery.</p> <p>Gas cleaning by biological or physical (carbon filtration) or chemical scrubbing.</p> <p>Waste types suitable for acceptance are limited to those specified in Table S2.2.</p>
AR4	Steam and electrical power supply	R1:Use principally as a fuel to generate energy	<p>From the receipt of biogas produced at the on-site anaerobic digestion process to combustion with the release of combustion gases.</p> <p>Combustion of biogas in four combined heat and power (CHP) engines with an aggregated thermal input of 7.1 MWth.</p> <p>Recovery of heat to generate electricity using an Organic Rankine Cycle turbine.</p>

<b>Table S1.1 activities</b>			
<b>Activity reference</b>	<b>Activity listed in Schedule 1 of the EP Regulations</b>	<b>Description of specified activity and WFD Annex I and II operations</b>	<b>Limits of specified activity and waste types</b>
AR5	Emergency flare operation	D10: Incineration on land	From the receipt of biogas produced at the on-site anaerobic digestion process to incineration with the release of combustion gases.  Use of one auxiliary flare required only during periods of breakdown or maintenance of the CHP engines and/or biogas upgrading plant.
AR6	Raw material storage	Storage of chemicals and raw materials including sodium hydroxide, ferric chloride, lubrication oil, diesel, anti-freeze.	From the receipt of raw materials to despatch for use within the facility.
AR7	Gas upgrading	Upgrading of biogas to biomethane (including the removal of moisture and other substances such as carbon dioxide, hydrogen sulphide and Volatile organic compounds) for injection into the National Grid.	From the receipt of biogas produced at the on-site anaerobic digestion process to injection into the National Grid. This includes return of off-specification biogas for combustion to the on-site CHP engines and/or emergency flare.
AR8	Gas storage	R13: Storage of waste pending any of the operations numbered R1 to R12 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where it is produced)	Storage of biogas produced from on-site anaerobic digestion of permitted waste in the roof space of digesters.  From the receipt of biogas produced at the on-site anaerobic digestion process to despatch for use within the facility.
AR9	Process water storage	Storage of treated trade effluent (process water) in clay-lined lagoons.	From the storage of treated trade effluent (process water) in the lagoons to despatch for use or discharge to the field drainage ditch.
AR10	Digestate storage	R13: Storage of waste pending any of the operations numbered R1 to R12 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where it is produced)	From the receipt of processed uncertified digestate produced from the on-site anaerobic digestion process to despatch for use off-site.  Storage of processed uncertified liquid digestate

<b>Table S1.1 activities</b>			
<b>Activity reference</b>	<b>Activity listed in Schedule 1 of the EP Regulations</b>	<b>Description of specified activity and WFD Annex I and II operations</b>	<b>Limits of specified activity and waste types</b>
			in storage tanks and/or lagoons.
AR11	Air treatment	Collection and treatment of air from the buildings or plant using abatement system – biofilter prior to release to atmosphere.	From the collection of air from site processes to treatment and release of treated air to atmosphere.
<b>Activity reference</b>	<b>Description of activities for waste operations</b>		<b>Limits of activities</b>
AR12	<u>Transfer of pre-treated waste off-site</u>  R3: Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents  R13: Storage of waste pending any of the operations numbered R1 to R12 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where it is produced)		From the receipt of waste, transfer to tankers and despatch off site. Pre-treatment of waste in enclosed building and on impermeable surface with sealed drainage system including shredding, sorting, screening, compaction, mixing and maceration. Storage of waste in an enclosed building fitted with appropriate odour abatement and on an impermeable surface with sealed drainage. Waste types as specified in Table S2.3.

<b>Table S1.2 Operating techniques</b>		
<b>Description</b>	<b>Parts</b>	<b>Date Received</b>
Application	The operating techniques described in the application (Part B, section 5A), with the exception of Document J04, paragraphs 1.13 and 5.33 which describe Hours of Operation.	09/06/2009
Application	Response to information regarding WAMITAB certification; planning permission and site condition queries.	24/07/2009
Additional information	Response to information regarding consent to discharge queries and air quality impact assessment.	19/10/2009
Additional information	Response to information regarding air quality impact assessment and management plans (odour, fugitive emissions and noise).	25/11/2009
Additional information	Response to information regarding air quality impact assessment (modelling based on routing CHP emissions through individual flues located within the 17.5 metre biofilter stack).	25/01/2010
Variation Application EPR/YP3430KS/V002	Application for minor technical variation of Environmental Permit EPR/YP3430KS – Addendum to operating techniques.	30/06/2011
Additional information	Email dated 04/08/2011 – H1 Assessment for air emissions relating to 2 x 800 KWe CHP gas engines.	04/08/2011
Variation Application EPR/YP3430KS/V003	Application for Normal variation of Environmental Permit EPR/YP3430KS – variation non-technical summary, variation site condition report, variation operating techniques, variation energy report, Air Quality assessment, H1 Assessment	27/07/2011
	Emails regarding further Noise assessment information	29/09/2011 27/10/2011 05/01/2012 03/02/2012
Variation Application EPR/YP3430KS/V005	Application forms Parts C2 & C3 and supporting information	12/09/2013
	Schedule 5 Notice response dated 03/01/2014	06/01/2014
	Operator Review response letter dated 14/01/2014, “Response to Draft Permit Number EPR/YP3430KS, Westry Anaerobic Digestion Facility”	14/01/2014
	Schedule 5 Notice response dated 23/01/2014	23/01/2014
Variation Application EPR/YP3430KS/V010	The response to questions in section 3, form EPC – Part C3 of the application form including supporting information section 8 of the application documentation.	19/01/2017
	The response to schedule 5 – BAT options appraisal for gas upgrading plant technology.	01/03/2017
	Additional information- Information on the three additional storage tanks.	14/03/2017

<b>Table S1.2 Operating techniques</b>		
<b>Description</b>	<b>Parts</b>	<b>Date Received</b>
	The response to schedule 5 - Information on the three additional storage tanks and the anaerobic digestion process.	26/04/2017
Variation Application EPR/YP3430KS/V011	Emails regarding the assessment of the additional waste codes in the future OMP review.	23/01/2020
Response to Regulation 61 Notice dated 21/10/2019	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Annex 1 Returns Spreadsheet</li> <li>• Compliance and operating techniques identified in response to BAT Conclusions 1 to 8, 10 to 24 and 33 to 38 in the Waste Treatment BREF published on 17 August 2018.</li> </ul>	Received 20/03/2020
Variation Application EPR/YP3430KS/V012	Response Document to Schedule 5 Notice dated 07/07/2021 including Attachment A, B and C.	27/07/2021

<b>Table S1.3 Improvement programme requirements</b>		
<b>Reference</b>	<b>Requirement</b>	<b>Date</b>
IC1	The operator shall submit a written report for approval by the Environment Agency. The report will include a review of monitoring data for sulphur dioxide emissions, re-assess its impacts, and if necessary proposals for the provision of de-sulphurisation equipment to the CHP release points. A timescale for the implementation of any improvements shall be agreed with the Agency in writing.	Complete
IC2	The Operator shall prepare and submit a comprehensive noise assessment report undertaken by an experienced and suitably qualified person (i.e. a noise consultant with an appropriate qualification accredited by the Institute of Acoustics), in accordance with the procedures given in BS4142:1997 (Method for rating industrial noise affecting mixed residential and industrial areas) and BS7445:2003 (Description and measurement of environmental noise). Noise sources identified as exhibiting tonal contributions shall be quantified by means of frequency analysis. The Assessment will take into consideration the sensitive receptor to the west of the site – Norbern. The report shall include, but not be limited to:	Complete

Table S1.3 Improvement programme requirements		
Reference	Requirement	Date
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identification and assessment of the impact of noise emissions upon the sensitive receptor to the west of the site – Norbern, arising from permitted activities using the ‘survey methodology: process for site survey given within H3 Horizontal Guidance Note for Noise Part 2 – Noise Assessment and Control – section 2.4.1.2 and Appendix 4 – Noise Management Plan.</li> <li>• The operator shall include the proposed soil bund that is to be built to the west of the site in the assessment and the impact it has on noise mitigation.</li> <li>• An options appraisal with dates for achieving Best Available Techniques for individual measures for targeted noise attenuation and compliance, based upon the indicative benchmarks given within H3.</li> </ul> <p>These measures shall be implemented and maintained by the Operator from the date of approval in writing by the Environment Agency.</p>	
<b>Improvement condition for progress report to achieve BAT-AELs</b>		
IC3	<p>The operator shall submit, for approval by the Environment Agency, a report setting out progress to achieving the Best Available Techniques Conclusion Associated Emission Levels (BAT-AELs) where BAT is currently not achieved, but will be achieved before 17 August 2022. The report shall include, but not be limited to, the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) Current performance against the BAT-AELs.</li> <li>2) Methodology for reaching the BAT-AELs.</li> <li>3) Associated targets /timelines for reaching compliance by 17 August 2022.</li> <li>4) Any alterations to the initial plan (in progress reports).</li> </ol> <p>The report shall address the BAT Conclusions for Waste Treatment with respect to the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>BAT 34 Table 6.7</b> (compliance with BAT-AELs for channelled NH<sub>3</sub>, odour, dust and TVOC emissions to air from the biological treatment of waste)</li> </ul> <p>Refer to BAT conclusions as described in the Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2018/1147 of 10 August 2018 and published 17 August 2018, for a full description of BAT requirement.</p>	<p>Progress reports at three monthly intervals from date of permit issue:</p> <p>Initial plan: 30/12/2021</p> <p>Progress report: 30/03/2022</p> <p>Progress report: 30/06/2022</p>
<b>Improvement condition for progress report to achieve Narrative BAT</b>		
IC4	<p>The operator shall submit, for approval by Environment Agency, a report setting out progress to achieving the ‘Narrative’ BAT where BAT is currently not achieved, but will be achieved before 17 August 2022. The report shall include, but not be limited to, the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) Methodology for achieving BAT</li> <li>2) Associated targets /timelines for reaching compliance by 17 August 2022</li> <li>3) Any alterations to the initial plan (in progress reports).</li> </ol> <p>The report shall address the BAT Conclusions for Waste Treatment with respect to BAT 1, 2, 3, 8, 14, 21, 23 and 33.</p>	<p>Progress reports at three monthly intervals from date of permit issue:</p> <p>Initial plan: 30/12/2021</p> <p>Progress report: 30/03/2022</p> <p>Progress report:</p>

<b>Table S1.3 Improvement programme requirements</b>		
<b>Reference</b>	<b>Requirement</b>	<b>Date</b>
	Refer to BAT conclusions as described in the Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2018/1147 of 10 August 2018 and published 17 August 2018, for a full description of BAT requirement.	30/06/2022
<b>Improvement condition for primary containment</b>		
IC5	<p>The operator shall submit a written ‘primary containment plan’ and shall obtain the Environment Agency’s written approval to it. The plan shall contain the results of an inspection and program of works undertaken by a qualified engineer, and shall assess the extent design specification and condition of primary containment systems where polluting liquids and solids are being stored, treated, and/or handled.</p> <p>The plan shall include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• an assessment of the physical condition of all primary containment systems (storage and treatment vessels) using a Written Scheme of Examination and their suitability for providing primary containment when subjected to the dynamic and static loads caused by catastrophic tank failure;</li> <li>• a program of works with timescales for the implementation of individual improvement measures necessary to demonstrate that the primary containment is fit for purpose or alternative appropriate measures to ensure all polluting materials will be contained on site; and</li> <li>• a preventative maintenance and inspection regime</li> </ul> <p>The plan shall be implemented in accordance with the Environment Agency’s written approval.</p>	30/09/2022 or other date as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency
<b>Improvement condition for secondary containment design</b>		
IC6	<p>The operator shall submit a written ‘secondary and tertiary containment plan’ and shall obtain the Environment Agency’s written approval to it. The plan shall contain the results of an inspection and program of works undertaken by a competent structural engineer, in accordance with the risk assessment methodology detailed within CIRIA C736 (2014) guidance, of the condition and extent of secondary and tertiary containment systems where all polluting liquids and solids are being stored, treated, and/or handled.</p> <p>The inspection shall consider, but not be limited to, the storage vessels, bunds, loading and unloading areas, transfer pipework/pumps, temporary storage areas, and liners underlying the site.</p> <p>The plan shall include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• an assessment of the physical condition of all secondary and/or tertiary containment systems, using a Written Scheme of Examination and their suitability for providing containment when subjected to the dynamic and static loads caused by catastrophic tank failure;</li> <li>• a program of works with timescales for the implementation of individual improvement measures necessary for the secondary and/or tertiary containment systems to comply with CIRIA C736 (2014) guidance, or equivalent.</li> <li>• a preventative maintenance and inspection regime</li> </ul>	30/09/2022 or other date as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency



<b>Table S1.3 Improvement programme requirements</b>		
<b>Reference</b>	<b>Requirement</b>	<b>Date</b>
	The plan shall be implemented in accordance with the Environment Agency's written approval.	
<b>Improvement condition for review of effectiveness of abatement plant</b>		
IC7	<p>The operator shall carry out a review of the abatement plant on site, in order to determine whether the measures have been effective and adequate to prevent and where not possible minimise emissions released to air including but not limited to odour and ammonia.</p> <p>The operator shall submit a written report to the Environment Agency following this review for assessment and approval.</p> <p>The report shall include but not limited to the following aspects:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Full investigation and characterisation of the waste gas streams.</li> <li>• Abatement stack monitoring results (not limited to odour and ammonia)</li> <li>• Abatement process monitoring results (not limited to odour and ammonia)</li> <li>• Details of air quality quantitative impact assessment including modelling and a proposal for site-specific "action levels" (not limited to odour concentration, hydrogen sulphide and ammonia).</li> <li>• Odour monitoring results at the site boundary</li> <li>• Records of odour complaints and odour related incidents</li> <li>• Recommendations for improvement including the replacement or upgrading the abatement plant</li> <li>• Timescales for implementation of improvements to the abatement plant</li> </ul> <p>The operator shall implement the improvements in line with the timescales as approved by the Environment Agency.</p>	30/09/2022 or other date as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency
<b>Improvement condition for review of abatement plant design</b>		
IC8	<p>The operator shall submit to the Environment Agency a written review report of the design details of the site ventilation system and abatement plant and obtain the Environment Agency's written approval to it.</p> <p>The report shall include but not limited to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) Ventilation design performance criteria for effective fugitive odorous emission control</li> <li>b) Design of the abatement systems that will ensure compliance with the odour condition 3.3. The report shall include a demonstration (whether by a detailed review of technical papers or by trial results) that all odorous chemical compounds and their loading rates expected in the relevant air streams have been considered in the design; and supporting evidence that the odorous compounds will be controlled and/or abated either by operating techniques or by the proposed abatement systems.</li> <li>c) Design alarms and triggers for each relevant scenario to alert the operator to the malfunction of both ventilation and</li> </ol>	30/09/2022 or other date as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency

<b>Table S1.3 Improvement programme requirements</b>		
<b>Reference</b>	<b>Requirement</b>	<b>Date</b>
	<p>abatement systems. The report should further list all relevant contingency mitigation actions to minimise risk of elevated odour pollution from the installation linked to each malfunction scenario and detail the actions to restore systems to normal operating conditions for effective odour control.</p> <p>Ventilation and abatement systems should be designed by suitably qualified named engineers who can supervise and sign-off on construction quality assurance.</p>	
<b>Improvement condition for assessment of methane slip</b>		
IC9	<p>The operator shall establish the methane emissions in the exhaust gas from engines burning biogas and compare these to the manufacturer's specification and benchmark levels agreed in writing with the Environment Agency. The operator shall, as part of the methane leak detection and repair (LDAR) programme, develop proposals to assess the potential for methane slip and take corrective actions where emissions above the manufacturer's specification or appropriate benchmark levels are identified.</p>	<p>30/09/2022 or other date as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency</p>

## Schedule 2 – Waste types, raw materials and fuels

Table S2.1 Raw materials and fuels	
Raw materials and fuel description	Specification
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Table S2.2 Permitted waste types and quantities for anaerobic digestion	
Maximum quantity	Annual throughput shall not exceed 120,000 tonnes
<b>Exclusions</b>	<p>Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>separately collected loads of plastic unless the whole load is certified compostable to BS EN13432</li> <li>co-mingled green and food waste containing more than 5% w/w plastic, unless the plastic is certified compostable to BS EN 13432</li> <li>food wastes containing more than 5% w/w plastic unless there is sufficient technology to remove non-compostable plastic prior to treatment from package food waste to a processing limit of 1% w/w or decreasing year on year by 2025.</li> <li>wastes containing wood-preserving agents or other biocides and post-consumer wood</li> <li>wastes containing persistent organic pollutants</li> <li>wastes containing Japanese Knotweed or other invasive plant species listed in the Alien Invasive Species Regulations 2014</li> <li>manures, slurries and spoiled bedding and straw from farms where animals have notifiable diseases as stipulated in the Animal By-Products (Enforcement) (England) Regulations 2013.</li> </ul>
Waste code	Description
<b>02</b>	<b>Wastes from agriculture, horticulture, aquaculture, forestry, hunting and fishing, food preparation and processing</b>
<b>02 01</b>	<b>wastes from agriculture, horticulture, aquaculture, forestry, hunting and fishing</b>
02 01 01	sludges from washing and cleaning – vegetables, fruit and other crops
02 01 02	animal tissue waste
02 01 03	plant tissue waste
02 01 06	animal faeces, urine and manure (including spoiled straw) only
02 01 07	wastes from forestry
<b>02 02</b>	<b>wastes from the preparation and processing of meat, fish and other foods of animal origin</b>
02 02 01	sludges from washing and cleaning
02 02 02	animal tissue waste
02 02 03	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing
02 02 04	sludges from on-site effluent treatment
<b>02 03</b>	<b>wastes from fruit, vegetables, cereals, edible oils, cocoa, coffee, tea and tobacco preparation and processing; conserve production; yeast and yeast extract production, molasses preparation and fermentation</b>
02 03 01	sludges from washing, cleaning, peeling, centrifuging and separation

<b>Table S2.2 Permitted waste types and quantities for anaerobic digestion</b>	
<b>Maximum quantity</b>	<b>Annual throughput shall not exceed 120,000 tonnes</b>
<b>Exclusions</b>	<p>Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>separately collected loads of plastic unless the whole load is certified compostable to BS EN13432</li> <li>co-mingled green and food waste containing more than 5% w/w plastic, unless the plastic is certified compostable to BS EN 13432</li> <li>food wastes containing more than 5% w/w plastic unless there is sufficient technology to remove non-compostable plastic prior to treatment from package food waste to a processing limit of 1% w/w or decreasing year on year by 2025.</li> <li>wastes containing wood-preserving agents or other biocides and post-consumer wood</li> <li>wastes containing persistent organic pollutants</li> <li>wastes containing Japanese Knotweed or other invasive plant species listed in the Alien Invasive Species Regulations 2014</li> <li>manures, slurries and spoiled bedding and straw from farms where animals have notifiable diseases as stipulated in the Animal By-Products (Enforcement) (England) Regulations 2013.</li> </ul>
<b>Waste code</b>	<b>Description</b>
02 03 02	wastes from preserving agents
02 03 04	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing
02 03 05	sludges from on-site effluent treatment
<b>02 04</b>	<b>wastes from sugar processing</b>
02 04 03	sludges from on-site effluent treatment
<b>02 05</b>	<b>wastes from the dairy products industry</b>
02 05 01	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing
02 05 02	sludges from on-site effluent treatment
<b>02 06</b>	<b>wastes from the baking and confectionery industry</b>
02 06 01	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing
02 06 03	sludges from on-site effluent treatment
<b>02 07</b>	<b>wastes from the production of alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages (except coffee, tea and cocoa)</b>
02 07 01	wastes from washing, cleaning and mechanical reduction of raw materials
02 07 02	wastes from spirits distillation
02 07 04	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing
<b>03</b>	<b>Wastes from wood processing and the production of panels and furniture, pulp, paper and cardboard</b>
<b>03 03</b>	<b>wastes from pulp, paper and cardboard production and processing</b>
03 03 02	green liquor sludge (from recovery of cooking liquor)
03 03 08	wastes from sorting of paper and cardboard destined for recycling
03 03 10	fibre rejects and sludges i.e. paper pulp (de-inked only), paper fibre
<b>04</b>	<b>Wastes from the leather, fur and textile industries</b>
<b>04 01</b>	<b>wastes from the leather and fur industry</b>
04 01 01	fleshings and lime split wastes

<b>Table S2.2 Permitted waste types and quantities for anaerobic digestion</b>	
<b>Maximum quantity</b>	<b>Annual throughput shall not exceed 120,000 tonnes</b>
<b>Exclusions</b>	<p>Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>separately collected loads of plastic unless the whole load is certified compostable to BS EN13432</li> <li>co-mingled green and food waste containing more than 5% w/w plastic, unless the plastic is certified compostable to BS EN 13432</li> <li>food wastes containing more than 5% w/w plastic unless there is sufficient technology to remove non-compostable plastic prior to treatment from package food waste to a processing limit of 1% w/w or decreasing year on year by 2025.</li> <li>wastes containing wood-preserving agents or other biocides and post-consumer wood</li> <li>wastes containing persistent organic pollutants</li> <li>wastes containing Japanese Knotweed or other invasive plant species listed in the Alien Invasive Species Regulations 2014</li> <li>manures, slurries and spoiled bedding and straw from farms where animals have notifiable diseases as stipulated in the Animal By-Products (Enforcement) (England) Regulations 2013.</li> </ul>
<b>Waste code</b>	<b>Description</b>
04 01 05	tanning liquor free of chromium
04 01 07	sludges, in particular from on-site effluent treatment free of chromium
<b>04 02</b>	<b>wastes from the textile industry</b>
04 02 10	organic matter from natural products, e.g. grease, wax
<b>07</b>	<b>Wastes from organic chemical processes</b>
<b>07 02</b>	<b>wastes from the MFSU of plastics, synthetic rubber and man-made fibres</b>
07 02 13	waste plastic
<b>15</b>	<b>Waste packaging, absorbents, wiping cloths, filter materials and protective clothing not otherwise specified</b>
<b>15 01</b>	<b>packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste)</b>
15 01 01	paper and cardboard packaging – excludes laminates such as Tetrapaks and must conform to BS EN 13432 and not allowed if any non-biodegradable coating or preserving substance is present
15 01 02	plastic packaging
15 01 03	untreated wooden packaging – not allowed if any non-biodegradable coating or preserving substance is present
15 01 05	composite packaging – must conform to BS EN 13432 and not allowed if any non-biodegradable coating or preserving substance is present
<b>19</b>	<b>Wastes from waste management facilities, off-site waste water treatment plants and the preparation of water intended for human consumption and water for industrial use</b>
<b>19 02</b>	<b>wastes from physico/chemical treatments of waste (including dechromatation, decyanidation, neutralisation)</b>
19 02 03	waste types listed within this table, Table S2.2, that have been mixed together only
19 02 10	glycerol not designated as hazardous i.e. excludes EWC code 19 02 08
<b>19 05</b>	<b>wastes from aerobic treatment of wastes</b>
19 05 01	non-composted fraction of municipal and similar wastes

<b>Table S2.2 Permitted waste types and quantities for anaerobic digestion</b>	
<b>Maximum quantity</b>	<b>Annual throughput shall not exceed 120,000 tonnes</b>
<b>Exclusions</b>	<p>Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>separately collected loads of plastic unless the whole load is certified compostable to BS EN13432</li> <li>co-mingled green and food waste containing more than 5% w/w plastic, unless the plastic is certified compostable to BS EN 13432</li> <li>food wastes containing more than 5% w/w plastic unless there is sufficient technology to remove non-compostable plastic prior to treatment from package food waste to a processing limit of 1% w/w or decreasing year on year by 2025.</li> <li>wastes containing wood-preserving agents or other biocides and post-consumer wood</li> <li>wastes containing persistent organic pollutants</li> <li>wastes containing Japanese Knotweed or other invasive plant species listed in the Alien Invasive Species Regulations 2014</li> <li>manures, slurries and spoiled bedding and straw from farms where animals have notifiable diseases as stipulated in the Animal By-Products (Enforcement) (England) Regulations 2013.</li> </ul>
<b>Waste code</b>	<b>Description</b>
19 05 02	non-composted fraction of animal and vegetable waste
19 05 03	off-specification compost from a composting process that accepts waste input types listed in this table, made up of previously sanitised batches only
<b>19 06</b>	<b>wastes from anaerobic treatment of waste</b>
19 06 03	liquor from anaerobic treatment of municipal waste (from a process that treats wastes which are listed in this table only)
19 06 04	digestate from anaerobic treatment of source segregated biodegradable waste (from a process that treats wastes which are listed in this table only)
19 06 05	liquor from anaerobic treatment of animal and vegetable waste (from a process that treats wastes which are listed in this table only)
19 06 06	digestate from anaerobic treatment of animal and vegetable waste (from a process that treats wastes which are listed in this table only)
<b>19 08</b>	<b>wastes from waste water treatment plants not otherwise specified</b>
19 08 09	grease and oil mixture from oil/water separation containing only edible oil and fats
19 08 12	sludges from biological treatment of industrial waste water (from a process that treats wastes which are listed in this table only).
<b>19 12</b>	<b>wastes from the mechanical treatment of waste (for example sorting, crushing, compacting, pelletising) not otherwise specified</b>
19 12 12	waste types listed in this table, Table S2.2, that have been subjected to mechanical treatment only (from a process that treats wastes which are listed in this table only).
<b>20</b>	<b>Municipal wastes (household waste and similar commercial, industrial and institutional wastes) including separately collected fractions</b>
<b>20 01</b>	<b>separately collected fractions (except 15 01)</b>
20 01 01	paper and cardboard packaging – excludes laminates such as Tetrapaks and must conform to BS EN 13432 and not allowed if any non-biodegradable coating or preserving substance is present.
20 01 08	biodegradable kitchen and canteen waste
20 01 25	edible oil and fat

<b>Table S2.2 Permitted waste types and quantities for anaerobic digestion</b>	
<b>Maximum quantity</b>	<b>Annual throughput shall not exceed 120,000 tonnes</b>
<b>Exclusions</b>	<p>Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• separately collected loads of plastic unless the whole load is certified compostable to BS EN13432</li> <li>• co-mingled green and food waste containing more than 5% w/w plastic, unless the plastic is certified compostable to BS EN 13432</li> <li>• food wastes containing more than 5% w/w plastic unless there is sufficient technology to remove non-compostable plastic prior to treatment from package food waste to a processing limit of 1% w/w or decreasing year on year by 2025.</li> <li>• wastes containing wood-preserving agents or other biocides and post-consumer wood</li> <li>• wastes containing persistent organic pollutants</li> <li>• wastes containing Japanese Knotweed or other invasive plant species listed in the Alien Invasive Species Regulations 2014</li> <li>• manures, slurries and spoiled bedding and straw from farms where animals have notifiable diseases as stipulated in the Animal By-Products (Enforcement) (England) Regulations 2013.</li> </ul>
<b>Waste code</b>	<b>Description</b>
20 01 38	untreated wood where no non-biodegradable coating or preserving substance is present
<b>20 02</b>	<b>garden and park wastes (including cemetery waste)</b>
20 02 01	biodegradable waste
<b>20 03</b>	<b>other municipal wastes</b>
20 03 01	mixed municipal waste – only separately collected biodegradable wastes of types listed within this table, Table S2.2
20 03 02	waste from markets – allowed only if source segregated biodegradable fractions e.g. plant material, fruit and vegetables

<b>Table S2.3 Permitted waste types and quantities for transfer off-site</b>	
<b>Maximum quantity</b>	<b>Annual throughput for transfer off-site shall not exceed 20,000 tonnes.</b>
<b>Waste code</b>	<b>Description</b>
<b>02</b>	<b>Wastes from agriculture, horticulture, aquaculture, forestry, hunting and fishing, food preparation and processing</b>
<b>19 12</b>	<b>wastes from the mechanical treatment of waste (for example sorting, crushing, compacting, pelletising) not otherwise specified</b>
19 12 12	waste types listed in Table S2.2, that have been subjected to mechanical treatment only

## Schedule 3 – Emissions and monitoring

Table S3.1 Point source emissions to air – emission limits and monitoring requirements						
Emission point ref. & location	Source	Parameter	Limit (incl. unit)	Reference period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method
<b>Existing medium combustion plant which are engines fuelled on biogas (1 MW to 5 MW)</b>						
Point A1 on Drawing ST18033-002 dated 21/07/2021	CHP engine 1 stack [note 1]	Oxides of Nitrogen (NO and NO <sub>2</sub> expressed as NO <sub>2</sub> )	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Average over sample period	Annual	BS EN 14792
		Sulphur dioxide	350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> [note 2]			BS EN 14791 or CEN TS 17021 or by calculation based on fuel sulphur
		Sulphur dioxide	162 mg/m <sup>3</sup> [note 3]			
		Carbon monoxide	1400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			BS EN 15058
		Total VOCs	No limit set			--
Point A2 on Drawing ST18033-002 dated 21/07/2021	CHP engine 2 stack [note 1]	Oxides of Nitrogen (NO and NO <sub>2</sub> expressed as NO <sub>2</sub> )	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Average over sample period	Annual	BS EN 14792
		Sulphur dioxide	350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> [note 2]			BS EN 14791 or CEN TS 17021 or by calculation based on fuel sulphur
		Sulphur dioxide	162 mg/m <sup>3</sup> [note 3]			
		Carbon monoxide	1400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			BS EN 15058
		Total VOCs	No limit set			--
Point A3 on Drawing ST18033-002 dated 21/07/2021	CHP engine 3 stack [note 1]	Oxides of Nitrogen (NO and NO <sub>2</sub> expressed as NO <sub>2</sub> )	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Average over sample period	Annual	BS EN 14792



Table S3.1 Point source emissions to air – emission limits and monitoring requirements						
Emission point ref. & location	Source	Parameter	Limit (incl. unit)	Reference period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method
		Sulphur dioxide	350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> [note 2]			BS EN 14791 or CEN TS 17021 or by calculation based on fuel sulphur
		Sulphur dioxide	162 mg/m <sup>3</sup> [note 3]			
		Carbon monoxide	1400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
		Total VOCs	No limit set			--
Point A4 on Drawing ST18033-002 dated 21/07/2021	CHP engine 4 stack [note 1]	Oxides of Nitrogen (NO and NO <sub>2</sub> expressed as NO <sub>2</sub> )	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Average over sample period	Annual	BS EN 14792
		Sulphur dioxide	350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> [note 2]			BS EN 14791 or CEN TS 17021 or by calculation based on fuel sulphur
		Sulphur dioxide	162 mg/m <sup>3</sup> [note 3]			
		Carbon monoxide	1400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
		Total VOCs	No limit set			
Point A5 on Drawing ST18033-002 dated 21/07/2021	Channelled emissions such as odour abatement stack or vents (Biofilter)	Hydrogen sulphide	No limit set	Average over sample period	Once every 6 months	CEN TS 13649 for sampling  NIOSH 6013 for analysis
		Ammonia	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Average over sample period	Once every 6 months	EN ISO 21877
		Odour concentration	No limit set	--	Once every 6 months	BS EN 13725
Point A6 on Drawing ST18033-002	Biogas upgrading plant stack	VOCs including methane	No limit set	Leak detection and repair	In accordance with written	BS EN15446

**Table S3.1 Point source emissions to air – emission limits and monitoring requirements**

Emission point ref. & location	Source	Parameter	Limit (incl. unit)	Reference period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method
dated 21/07/2021.				(LDAR) programme	management system	
Gas Burner	Emergency flare stack [note 4]	Oxides of Nitrogen (NO and NO <sub>2</sub> expressed as NO <sub>2</sub> )	150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Average over sample period	[note 5]	BS EN 14792
		Carbon monoxide	50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			BS EN 15058
		Total VOCs	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			BS EN 12619
Point CF1 on Drawing ST18033-002 dated 21/07/2021	Channelled emissions such as odour abatement stack or vents (Carbon filter)	Hydrogen sulphide	No limit set	Average over sample period	Once every 6 months	CEN TS 13649 for sampling  NIOSH 6013 for analysis
		Ammonia	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Average over sample period	Once every 6 months	EN ISO 21877
		Odour concentration	No limit set	--	Once every 6 months	BS EN 13725
Point PRV1, PRV2, PRV3, PRV4, PRV5 on Drawing ST18033-002 dated 21/07/2021	Pressure relief valves	Biogas release and operational events	No limit set	Recorded duration and frequency	Daily inspection	--

Note 1 – These emission limits are based on normal operating conditions and load - temperature 0°C (273 K); pressure 101.3 kPa and oxygen 5% (for gas engines burning biogas) and oxygen 3% (for medium combustion plants other than engines and gas turbines burning biogas).

Note 2 – This emission limit applies until 31 December 2029, unless the gas engine is replaced.

Note 3 – This emission limit applies from 1 January 2030, unless otherwise advised by the Environment Agency.

Note 4 – These emission limits are based on normal operating conditions and load - temperature 0°C (273K); pressure 101.3 kPa and oxygen 3%.

Note 5 – Following commissioning, monitoring to be undertaken in the event the emergency flare has been operational for more than 10 per cent of a year (876 hours). Record of operating hours to be submitted annually to the Environment Agency.

<b>Table S3.2 Process monitoring requirements</b>				
<b>Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Monitoring frequency</b>	<b>Monitoring standard or method</b>	<b>Other specifications</b>
Digester feed (digestion process)	pH	As described in site operating techniques	As described in site operating techniques	Process monitoring to be recorded using a SCADA system where relevant.
	Alkalinity			
	Temperature			
	Hydraulic loading rate			
	Organic loading rate			
	Volatile fatty acids concentration			
	Ammonia			
	Liquid /foam level			
Biogas in digester	Flow	Continuous	In accordance with EU weights and measures Regulations	Process monitoring to be recorded using a SCADA system where relevant.  Gas monitors to be calibrated every 6 months or in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.
	Methane	Continuous	None specified	
	CO <sub>2</sub>	Continuous	None specified	
	O <sub>2</sub>	Continuous	None specified	
	Hydrogen sulphide	Daily	None specified	
	Pressure	Continuous	None specified	
Digestate batch	Volatile fatty acids concentration	One sample at the end of each batch (hydraulic retention time) cycle.	As described in site operating techniques	--
	Ammonia			
Digesters and storage tanks	Integrity checks	Weekly	Visual assessment	--
Digesters	Agitation /mixing	Continuous	Systems controls. Yearly lithium or thermal imaging	Records maintained in daily operational records.
	Tank capacity and sediment assessment	Once a year		In accordance with design specification and tank integrity checks.
Waste reception building or area; Digesters and storage tanks	Odour	Daily	Olfactory monitoring	Odour detection at the site boundary.

<b>Table S3.2 Process monitoring requirements</b>				
<b>Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Monitoring frequency</b>	<b>Monitoring standard or method</b>	<b>Other specifications</b>
Diffuse emissions from all sources identified in the Leak Detection and Repair (LDAR) programme	VOCs including methane	Every 6 months or otherwise agreed in accordance with the LDAR programme	In accordance with the LDAR programme	Leak detection and repair (LDAR) programme in accordance with permit condition 3.2.4.
CHP engine stacks	VOCs including methane	Annually	BS EN 12619	Total annual VOCs emissions from the CHP engines to be calculated and submitted to the Environment Agency.
	Exhaust gas temperature		Traceable to National Standards	
	Exhaust gas pressure		Traceable to National Standards	
	Exhaust gas water vapour content		BS EN 14790-1	Unless gas is dried before analysis of emissions.
	Exhaust gas oxygen		BS EN 14789	
	Exhaust gas flow		BS EN 16911-1	
Meteorological conditions	Wind speed, air temperature, wind direction	Continuous	Method as specified in management system	<p>Conditions to be recorded in operational diary and records.</p> <p>Equipment shall be calibrated on a 4 monthly basis, in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.</p>
Emergency flare	Operating hours	Continuous	Recorded duration and frequency. Recording using a	Date, time and duration of use of auxiliary flare shall be recorded.

<b>Table S3.2 Process monitoring requirements</b>				
<b>Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Monitoring frequency</b>	<b>Monitoring standard or method</b>	<b>Other specifications</b>
	Quantity of gas sent to emergency flare		SCADA system or similar system	Quantity can be estimated from gas flow composition, heat content, ratio of assistance, velocity, purge gas flow rate, pollutant emissions.
Pressure relief valves and vacuum systems	Re-seating	Weekly inspection	Visual and gas pressure	Continuous gas pressure shall be monitored. Operator must ensure that valves are re-seated after release in accordance with the manufacturer's design.
	Maintenance	Written scheme of examination in accordance with condition 1.1.1	Written scheme of examination in accordance with condition 1.1.1	Continuous gas pressure shall be monitored. Operator must ensure that valves are re-seated after release in accordance with the manufacturer's design.
	Inspection calibration and validation report	In accordance with design and construction specifications or after over topping or foaming event		Operator must ensure that valves are re-seated after release, after a foaming event or sticking, build-up of debris, obstructions or damage.  Operator must ensure that PRV function remains within designed operation gas pressure in accordance with the manufacturer's design by suitably trained/qualified personnel.

Table S3.2 Process monitoring requirements				
Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications
				Inspection, calibration and validation report. In accordance with industry Approved Code of Practice
Storage tanks	Volume	Daily	Visual or flow metre measurement	--
Biofilter	Gas temperature – inlet and outlet	Daily	Temperature probe / Traceable to national standards	Odour abatement plant shall be regularly checked and maintained to ensure appropriate temperature and moisture content.
	Biofilter media moisture	Daily	Moisture meter or recognised industry method	
	Thatching /compaction	Weekly	Back pressure	
	Gas flow rate – inlet and outlet	Continuous	Gas flow meter	Odour abatement plant shall be managed in accordance with permit condition 3.3, the odour management plan and manufacturer's recommendations.
	pH (biofilter drainage effluent)	Daily	pH metre	
	Efficiency assessment	Annual	Media health, air-flow distribution and emission removal efficiency (BS EN 13725 for odour removal)	Equipment shall be calibrated on a 4 monthly basis, or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
	Hydrogen sulphide – inlet and outlet gas stream	Every 6 months or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	CEN TS 13649 for sampling  NIOSH 6013 for analysis	Action levels to be agreed on completion of IC7 as approved in writing by the Environment Agency.  Action levels to be achieved in accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan.

<b>Table S3.2 Process monitoring requirements</b>				
<b>Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Monitoring frequency</b>	<b>Monitoring standard or method</b>	<b>Other specifications</b>
	Odour concentration – inlet and outlet gas stream	Every 6 months or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	BS EN 13725	Action levels to be agreed on completion of IC7 as approved in writing by the Environment Agency.  Action levels to be achieved in accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan.
	Ammonia – inlet	Every 6 months or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	EN ISO 21877	Action levels to be agreed on completion of IC7 as approved in writing by the Environment Agency.  Action levels to be achieved in accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan.
Carbon filter	Carbon bed temperature – inlet and outlet	Continuous	Temperature probe	Odour abatement plant shall be managed in accordance with permit condition 3.3, the odour management plan and manufacturer's recommendations.
	Gas flow rate – inlet and outlet	Continuous	Gas flow meter	
	Moisture or humidity	Daily	Moisture meter	
	Back pressure	Weekly	Recognised industry method	
	Efficiency assessment	Annual	Emission removal efficiency (BS EN 13725 for odour removal)	Carbon filters to be replaced in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.  Equipment shall be calibrated on a

<b>Table S3.2 Process monitoring requirements</b>				
<b>Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Monitoring frequency</b>	<b>Monitoring standard or method</b>	<b>Other specifications</b>
				4 monthly basis, or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
	Hydrogen sulphide – inlet and outlet gas stream	Every 6 months or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	CEN TS 13649 for sampling  NIOSH 6013 for analysis	Action levels to be agreed on completion of IC7 as approved in writing by the Environment Agency.  Action levels to be achieved in accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan.
	Ammonia – inlet	Every 6 months or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	EN ISO 21877	Action levels to be agreed on completion of IC7 as approved in writing by the Environment Agency.  Action levels to be achieved in accordance with permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan.
	Odour concentration – inlet and outlet gas stream	Every 6 months or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.	BS EN 13725	Action levels to be agreed on completion of IC7 as approved in writing by the Environment Agency.  Action levels to be achieved in accordance with



<b>Table S3.2 Process monitoring requirements</b>				
<b>Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Monitoring frequency</b>	<b>Monitoring standard or method</b>	<b>Other specifications</b>
				permit condition 3.2 and the odour management plan.

## Schedule 4 – Reporting

Parameters, for which reports shall be made, in accordance with conditions of this permit, are listed below.

<b>Table S4.1 Reporting of monitoring data</b>			
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Emission or monitoring point/reference</b>	<b>Reporting period</b>	<b>Period begins</b>
Emissions to air from CHP engines Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1.	A1, A2, A3, A4	Every 12 months	1 January
Emissions to air from emergency flare Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1.	Emergency flare	Every 12 months	1 January
Emissions to air from odour abatement plant Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1.	A5, CF1	Every 6 months	1 January, 1 July
Process monitoring Parameters as required by condition 3.5.1	As specified in schedule 3 table S3.3	Every 12 months	1 January
Total annual VOCs emissions from gas engines (calculated)	As specified in schedule 3 table S3.3	Every 12 months	1 January

<b>Table S4.2 Annual production/treatment</b>	
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Units</b>
Electricity generated	MWh
Biomethane generated	tonnes or m <sup>3</sup>
Whole digestate	tonnes
Liquid digestate	tonnes or m <sup>3</sup>
Solid digestate	tonnes
Non-waste outputs	tonnes

<b>Table S4.3 Performance parameters</b>		
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Frequency of assessment</b>	<b>Units</b>
Water usage	Annually	tonnes or m <sup>3</sup>
Energy usage	Annually	MWh
Raw material usage	Annually	tonnes or m <sup>3</sup>
Emergency flare operation	Annually	hours
Electricity exported	Annually	MWh
Biomethane exported	Annually	tonnes or m <sup>3</sup>
CHP engine usage	Annually	hours
CHP engine efficiency	Annually	%

<b>Table S4.4 Reporting forms</b>		
<b>Media/parameter</b>	<b>Reporting format</b>	<b>Date of form</b>
Air	Form air 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	30/09/2021
Process monitoring	Form process 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	30/09/2021
Water usage	Form water usage 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	30/09/2021
Energy usage	Form energy 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	30/09/2021
Other performance indicators	Form performance 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	30/09/2021
Waste returns	E-waste Return Form or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	--

# Schedule 5 – Notification

These pages outline the information that the operator must provide.

Units of measurement used in information supplied under Part A and B requirements shall be appropriate to the circumstances of the emission. Where appropriate, a comparison should be made of actual emissions and authorised emission limits.

If any information is considered commercially confidential, it should be separated from non-confidential information, supplied on a separate sheet and accompanied by an application for commercial confidentiality under the provisions of the EP Regulations.

## Part A

Permit Number	
Name of operator	
Location of Facility	
Time and date of the detection	

<b>(a) Notification requirements for any malfunction, breakdown or failure of equipment or techniques, accident, or emission of a substance not controlled by an emission limit which has caused, is causing or may cause significant pollution</b>	
<b>To be notified within 24 hours of detection</b>	
Date and time of the event	
Reference or description of the location of the event	
Description of where any release into the environment took place	
Substances(s) potentially released	
Best estimate of the quantity or rate of release of substances	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to stop any emission	
Description of the failure or accident.	

<b>(b) Notification requirements for the breach of a limit</b>	
<b>To be notified within 24 hours of detection unless otherwise specified below</b>	
Emission point reference/ source	
Parameter(s)	
Limit	
Measured value and uncertainty	
Date and time of monitoring	

<b>(b) Notification requirements for the breach of a limit</b>	
<b>To be notified within 24 hours of detection unless otherwise specified below</b>	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to stop the emission	

<b>Time periods for notification following detection of a breach of a limit</b>	
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Notification period</b>

<b>(c) Notification requirements for the detection of any significant adverse environmental effect</b>	
<b>To be notified within 24 hours of detection</b>	
Description of where the effect on the environment was detected	
Substances(s) detected	
Concentrations of substances detected	
Date of monitoring/sampling	

## Part B – to be submitted as soon as practicable

Any more accurate information on the matters for notification under Part A.	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to prevent a recurrence of the incident	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to rectify, limit or prevent any pollution of the environment which has been or may be caused by the emission	
The dates of any unauthorised emissions from the facility in the preceding 24 months.	

Name*	
Post	
Signature	
Date	

\* authorised to sign on behalf of the operator

## Schedule 6 – Interpretation

“accident” means an accident that may result in pollution.

“ADQP” means Anaerobic Digestion Quality Protocol

“anaerobic digestion” means a process of controlled decomposition of biodegradable materials under managed conditions where free oxygen is absent, at temperatures suitable for naturally occurring mesophilic or thermophilic anaerobes and facultative anaerobe bacteria species, which convert the inputs to a methane-rich biogas and whole digestate.

“animal waste” means any waste consisting of animal matter that has not been processed into food for human consumption.

“application” means the application for this permit, together with any additional information supplied by the operator as part of the application and any response to a notice served under Schedule 5 to the EP Regulations.

“authorised officer” means any person authorised by the Environment Agency under section 108(1) of The Environment Act 1995 to exercise, in accordance with the terms of any such authorisation, any power specified in section 108(4) of that Act.

“Best available techniques” means the most effective and advanced stage in the development of activities and their methods of operation which indicates the practical suitability of particular techniques for providing the basis for emission limit values and other permit conditions designed to prevent and, where that is not practicable, to reduce emissions and the impact on the environment as a whole:

(a) ‘techniques’ includes both the technology used and the way in which the installation is designed, built, maintained, operated and decommissioned;

(b) ‘available techniques’ means those developed on a scale which allows implementation in the relevant industrial sector, under economically and technically viable conditions, taking into consideration the costs and advantages, whether or not the techniques are used or produced inside the Member State in question, as long as they are reasonably accessible to the operator;

(c) ‘best’ means most effective in achieving a high general level of protection of the environment as a whole.

“Biodegradable” means a material is capable of undergoing biological anaerobic or aerobic degradation leading to the production of CO<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>O, methane, biomass, and mineral salts, depending on the environmental conditions of the process.

“building” means a construction that has the objective of providing sheltering cover and minimising emissions of noise, particulate matter, odour and litter.

“Capacity” means the potential capacity and not historical or actual production levels or throughput. This means that the designed capacity is the maximum rate at which the site can operate. Biological treatment of waste usually takes place over more than one day, so the physical daily capacity can be calculated by dividing the maximum quantity of waste that could be subject to biological treatment at any one time by the minimum residence time. For in-vessel composting, the residence time for sanitisation should be calculated separately and then aggregated to the complete composting time.

“channelled emissions” means the emissions of pollutants into the environment through any kind of duct, pipe, stack, etc. This also includes emissions from open top biofilters.

“combined heat and power” (CHP) or Cogeneration means the simultaneous generation in one process of thermal energy and electrical or mechanical energy.

“compostable plastics” means plastics that are certified to meet the standards of EN 13432, EN 14995 or equivalent and is capable of breaking down by microbial digestion to create compost.

“diffuse emissions” mean non-channelled emissions (e.g. of dust, organic compounds, odour) which can result in ‘area’ sources (e.g. tanks) or ‘point’ sources (e.g. pipe flanges). This also includes emissions from open-air windrow composting.

“digestate” means material resulting from an anaerobic digestion process.

“disposal” means any of the operations provided for in Annex I to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

“emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits” means emissions of substances to air, water or land from the activities, either from the emission points specified in schedule 3 or from other localised or diffuse sources, which are not controlled by an emission limit.

“emissions to land” includes emissions to groundwater.

“EP Regulations” means The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations SI 2016 No.1154 and words and expressions used in this permit which are also used in the Regulations have the same meanings as in those Regulations.

“existing medium combustion plant” means an MCP which was put into operation before 20 December 2018.

“generator” means any combustion plant which is used to generate electricity, excluding mobile, unless it is connected to the national grid.

“groundwater” means all water, which is below the surface of the ground in the saturation zone and in direct contact with the ground or subsoil.

“impermeable surface” means a surface or pavement constructed and maintained to a standard sufficient to prevent the transmission of liquids beyond the pavement surface.

“Industrial Emissions Directive” means DIRECTIVE 2010/75/EU OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 24 November 2010 on industrial emissions, as read in accordance with Schedule 1A to the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016.

“Leak detection and repair (LDAR) programme” means a structured approach to reduce fugitive emissions of organic compounds by detection and subsequent repair or replacement of leaking components. Currently, sniffing (described by EN 15446) and optical gas imaging methods are available for the identification of leaks as set out in BAT 14 and section 6.6.2 of the Waste Treatment BAT Conclusions.

“maturation” means optional period of treatment or storage of separated fibre digestate under predominantly aerobic conditions.

“MCERTS” means the Environment Agency’s Monitoring Certification Scheme.

“medium combustion plant” or “MCP” means a combustion plant with a rated thermal input equal to or greater than 1 MW but less than 50 MW.

“Medium Combustion Plant Directive” or “MCPD” means Directive 2015/2193/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the limitation of emissions of certain pollutants into the air from medium combustion plants, as read in accordance with Schedule 1A to the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016.

“new medium combustion plant” means an MCP which was put into operation after 20 December 2018. This includes replacement MCP and Generators.

“operational area” means any part of a facility used for the handling, storing and treatment of waste.

“operator” means in relation to a regulated facility:

- (a) the person who has control over the operation of the regulated facility,
- (b) if the regulated facility has not yet been put into operation, the person who will have control over the regulated facility when it is put into operation, or
- (c) if a regulated facility authorised by an environmental permit ceases to be in operation, the person who holds the environmental permit

“pests” means Birds, Vermin and Insects.

“pollution” means emissions as a result of human activity which may—

- (a) be harmful to human health or the quality of the environment,
- (b) cause offence to a human sense,
- (c) result in damage to material property, or
- (d) impair or interfere with amenities and other legitimate uses of the environment.

“quarter” means a calendar year quarter commencing on 1 January, 1 April, 1 July or 1 October.

“recovery” means any of the operations provided for in Annex II to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

“Representative internal” – means representative monitoring at a point internally of the windrows that will give a representative assessment of temperature. Note: Larger windrows will require more bespoke temperature equipment to adequately assess temperature profiles accurately.

“sealed drainage system” in relation to an impermeable surface, means a drainage system with impermeable components which does not leak and which will ensure that:

- no liquids will run off the surface otherwise than via the system
- all liquids entering the system are collected in a sealed sump, except where liquids may be lawfully discharged to foul sewer.

“specified generator” means a group of generators other than excluded between 1 and 50 megawatts or less than 50 megawatts as defined in Schedule 25B(2) of SI 2018 No.110 of the EPR.

“treated wood” means any wood that has been chemically treated (e.g. to enhance or alter the performance of the original wood). Treatments may include penetrating oils, tar oil preservatives, water-borne preservatives, organic-based preservatives, boron and organo-metallic based preservatives, boron and halogenated flame retardants and surface treatments (including paint and varnish).

“VOC” means Volatile organic compounds as defined in Article 3(45) of Directive 2010/75/EU – ‘volatile organic compound’ means any organic compound as well as the fraction of creosote, having at 293.15K a vapour pressure of 0.01 kPa or more, or having a corresponding volatility under the particular conditions of use.

“Waste code” means the six digit code referable to a type of waste in accordance with the List of Wastes (England) Regulations 2005, or List of Wastes (Wales) Regulations 2005, as appropriate, and in relation to hazardous waste, includes the asterisk.

“Waste Framework Directive” or “WFD” means Waste Framework Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste, as read in accordance with Schedule 1A to the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016.

Where a minimum limit is set for any emission parameter, for example pH, reference to exceeding the limit shall mean that the parameter shall not be less than that limit.

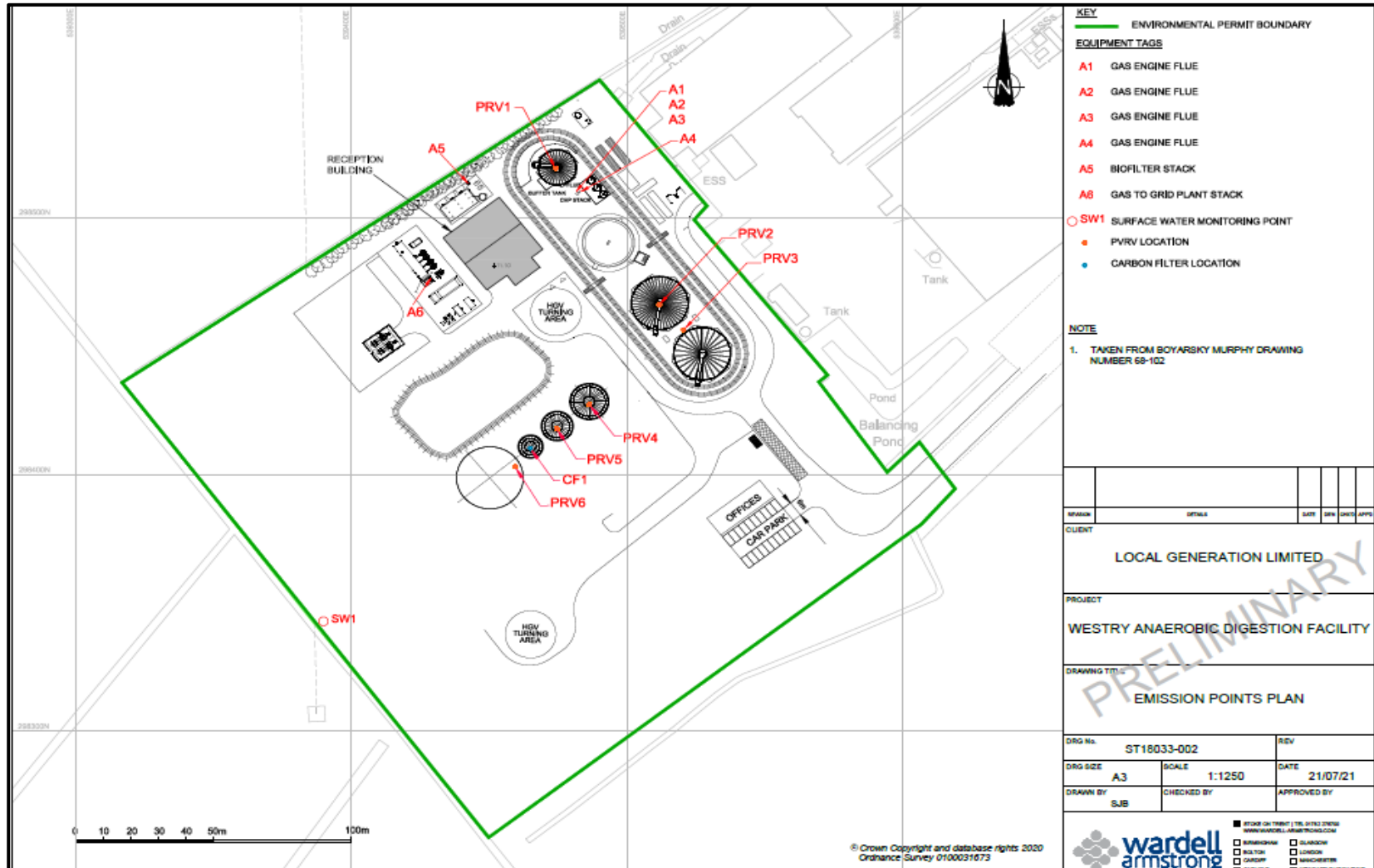
Unless otherwise stated, any references in this permit to concentrations of substances in emissions into air means:

- in relation to emissions from combustion processes, the concentration in dry air at a temperature of 273K, at a pressure of 101.3 kPa and with an oxygen content of 3% dry for liquid fuels and gaseous fuels, 6% dry for solid fuels; and/or
- in relation to emissions from non-combustion sources, the concentration at a temperature of 273K and at a pressure of 101.3 kPa, with no correction for water vapour content.

“year” means calendar year ending 31 December.



# Schedule 7 – Site plan



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# Annex 1 of MCP

1. Rated thermal input (MW) of the medium combustion plant.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 1.88 MW</li> <li>2. 1.88 MW</li> <li>3. 2.88 MW</li> <li>4. 0.47 MW (Non-operational)</li> </ol>
2. Type of the medium combustion plant (diesel engine, gas turbine, dual fuel engine, other engine or other medium combustion plant).	Combined Heat & Power (CHP) Engine
3. Type and share of fuels used according to the fuel categories laid down in Annex II.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Biogas, 100%</li> <li>2. Biogas, 100%</li> <li>3. Biogas, 85%</li> <li>4. (Non-operational)</li> </ol>
4. Date of the start of the operation of the medium combustion plant or, where the exact date of the start of the operation is unknown, proof of the fact that the operation started before 20 December 2018.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 19 March 2012</li> <li>2. 19 March 2012</li> <li>3. 15 March 2016</li> <li>4. Not yet in operation</li> </ol>
5. Sector of activity of the medium combustion plant or the facility in which it is applied (NACE code).	E.38.1 treatment of non-hazardous waste
6. Expected number of annual operating hours of the medium combustion plant and average load in use.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 7,884 hours</li> <li>2. 7,884 hours</li> <li>3. 6,240 hours</li> <li>4. Not yet in operation</li> </ol>
7. Where the option of exemption under Article 6(3) or Article 6(8) is used, a declaration signed by the operator that the medium combustion plant will not be operated more than the number of hours referred to in those paragraphs.	N/A
8. Name and registered office of the operator and, in the case of stationary medium combustion plants, the address where the plant is located.	Local Generation Limited, Control Tower Hemswell Cliff Industrial Estate, Hemswell Cliff, Gainsborough, DN21 5TU

END OF PERMIT